Species	
Variety Number Name	421-010 Tiny Temptations™ F1 Red; 421-015 Tiny Temptations™ F1 Orange; 421-018
	Tiny Temptations™ F1 Yellow
Species	Lycopersicum esculentum
Trade name species	(Pot/Determinate) Tomato
Туре	Annual
Family	Solanum
Seed weight	1,6-2,2 gram / 1000 sds depending on seed lot and variety
Average germination	85-95%
EU variety name	TTTY421018 Tiny Temptations™ F1 Yellow; TTTR421010 Tiny Temptations™ F1 Red;
	TTTTO421015 Tiny Temptations™ F1 Orange
Young Plant	
Nr of Seeds/plug	1 for plug size 1,5-3 cm
Germination days	1-2 days* (biological des-infected seeds can take 2 days more)
Germination temp.	18°-21°C – 64°-70°F Covered and high humidity, no light needed
Grow on days	14-21 days
Grow on temp.	16°-21°CC – 61°-70°F
Min. Grow on temp.	16°C – 61°F (This enlarges the Grow on days period)
Max. Grow on temp.	35°C – 95°F This shortens the Grow on days period, encourage stretching internodes
Optimal D/N temp.	21°C/70°F -18°C/64°F
Soil for sowing	Sowing soil with good drainage, EC 1,5 PH 5,8-6,5
Sowing covering	Vermiculite / soil with open structure /app. 2-3 mm thick
Fertilisation in the plug	2,5 EC with each watering, NPK 15-10-15 and micro elements
Ready to transplant	Full rooted plug with short internodes. Small young flower could be visible
Attention points during	Reduce the humidity soon after germination to 70%. This prevents stretching of the
young plant growing	hypocotyl. For pot tomatoes stretching is not appreciated.
	The 1-2 week period after cotyledon expansion is the temperature sensitive period,
	defining when the first bunch shows. Low night temperature exposure (10-15°C) of
	seedlings, in contrast to day temperatures at 18°-21°C /64°-70°F during this period
	promotes the initiation and number of flowers (bunches) on the plant, reduces the
	internodes length and the number of leaf's preceding the first flower bunch.
Finish for grower	
Potting soil	Standard soil with good drainage and also good water storage capabilities
	EC 2,5 PH 5,8-6,5
Pot-size	15-17cm 6-7" optimal 17 cm/7" or baskets/containers from 25-35cm 10"-14"
Plugs per pot	1 for pots; containers/baskets 1/3 plants
Indoor	Final distance indoor 30 cm/12" x 30 cm/12" (10 plts/m2) for pots
	Final distance indoor 40 cm/16" x 40 cm/16" (5-6 plts/m2) for baskets
Spacing indoor:	Space the plants when the leaf's are reaching each other.
Outdoor in containers	Planting distance 25 cm/10" x 25 cm/10"
Planting soil outdoor	Standard soil with good drainage and also good water storage capabilities
	EC 1,5 PH 5,8-6,5
Min. Grow on temp.	18°C – 61°F (This enlarges the Grow on days period)
Ideal grow on temp.	21°C-25°C- 70°-77°F
Optimal D/N temp.	23°C/77°F -18°C/64°F
Frost	Plants cannot stand frost.
Watering	Regularly for continues growth, keep the soil moist
	Watering with minimal. 2,5 EC keeps tomatoes healthy
Crop time to saleable	10-12 weeks after planting, the first bunch starts show colour.
Attention points during	• Pinching above the 3 rd leaf will create a more compact branching plant. It ill delay
plant growing	ripen fruits for approx 10 days.
	• High temp. (35°C average D/N) induce pollen infertility/no fruit set. Within the 21-
	27°C range a diurnal fluctuation of 5-6oC promotes good pollen fertility.

Attention points during	Night temperatures of between 16-20°C are ideal. Temperatures below 13°C
plant growing	severely affect the pollination of most cultivars.
	Insects, especially bees and bumble bees, support fruit set on tomatoes
	Tomato plants have a high fertilization need. When the EC is too low, the leaf's can turn yellow when the fruits are colouring. This also reduces the taste of the
	fruit.
	• When the first fruits show, increase the EC in to 3-4, to keep the fertilisation in the pot high enough. (EC in the pot can go up to 7-9!)
	Tomato plants/leaf's can be made sturdier by spraying (MgSO4 -bitter salt and Dipotassium-sulphite (K2SO3)) solutions on the plants. This has a positive effect on the leaf size and colour
	• Clay in the soil will stabilize fertilization variation and reduce stretching. 2-5% is advisable, can be increased to 10%.
	Potassium-phosphate (MKPO3) in a concentration of 0,1% improves the quality of
	tomato plants. This is a good method against phytophthora. For all tomatoes this
	can lead to a significant reduction of failures.

Consumer use	
Use	Compact snack tomato for outdoor use in patio and balcony pots
	Compact snack tomato for kids garden
Unique specifications	Fruit weight; depends on culture, from 8-12 gr/fruit.
	Sweet tomato with thin skin, does not burst quickly
	Night temperatures of between 16-20°C are ideal. Temperatures below 13°C
	severely affect the pollination of most cultivars.
	 Insects, especially bees and bumble bees, support fruit set on tomatoes
	• Tomato plants have a high fertilization need. After germination watering with 2,5
	EC with macro and micro elements supports growth.
	Clay in the soil will stabilize fertilization variation

Pictures







Young Plant 22cm basket pinched fruit detail